

Modern Python

through



FastAPI

and friends

Who am I?

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Explosion created:

spaCy **prodigy** **THiNC**

I created:

 **FastAPI**  **Typer**



Currently supported versions (3.6+)



f-strings



Type annotations



async / await



Performance



Community



- Pydantic
- HTTPX
- Starlette
- Uvicorn
- Uvloop



- Rich
- Click



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FastAPI

*High performance, easy to learn,
fast to code, ready for production*

- Web API framework
- 23K GitHub stars (about 1K+ per month)
- Used by Microsoft, Uber, Netflix, etc.
- Performance in the top rank for Python

The screenshot shows the official FastAPI documentation landing page. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the FastAPI logo, a search bar, and a GitHub icon with the repository name "tiangolo/fastapi" and statistics ("8.6k Stars · 492 Forks"). To the right is a "Table of contents" sidebar with links like Opinions, Requirements, Installation, Example, Create it, Run it, Check it, Interactive API docs, Alternative API docs, Example upgrade, Interactive API docs upgrade, Alternative API docs upgrade, Recap, Performance, Optional Dependencies, and License. The main content area features a large "FastAPI" title with its logo, a sub-subtitle "FastAPI framework, high performance, easy to learn, fast to code, ready for production", and several badge links for GitHub actions, PyPI, and other metrics. Below this is a section titled "Documentation" with a link to <https://fastapi.tiangolo.com>, another for "Source Code" at <https://github.com/tiangolo/fastapi>, and a descriptive paragraph about FastAPI being a modern, fast web framework for building APIs with Python 3.6+ based on standard Python type hints. A bulleted list under "The key features are:" includes "Fast: Very high performance, on par with NodeJS and Go (thanks to Starlette and Pydantic)."



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Modern Python



f-strings (formatted strings)





F-strings (formatted strings)

```
recipes = {
    "crunchy-frog": {
        "ingredients": [
            "frogs",
            "dew",
            "spring water",
            "cream milk chocolate",
            "glucose",
        ]
    },
    "albatross": {
        "ingredients": [
            "albatross"
        ]
    },
}
default_price = 1
```

```
def get_recipe(name, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    return {
        "message": "Recipe for {}".format(name),
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```





f-strings (formatted strings)

```
get_recipe("crunchy-frog")
```

```
{'message': 'Recipe for crunchy-frog',
'ingredients': ['frogs',
'dew',
'spring water',
'cream milk chocolate',
'glucose'],
'total': 1}
```

```
get_recipe("crunchy-frog", quantity=2)
```

```
{'message': 'Recipe for crunchy-frog',
'ingredients': ['frogs',
'dew',
'spring water',
'cream milk chocolate',
'glucose'],
'total': 2}
```





F-strings (formatted strings)

```
def get_recipe(name, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    return {
        "message": "Recipe for {}".format(name),
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```

```
def get_recipe(name, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {name}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```





f-strings (formatted strings)

```
get_recipe("crunchy-frog")
```

```
{'message': 'Recipe for crunchy-frog',
'ingredients': ['frogs',
'dew',
'spring water',
'cream milk chocolate',
'glucose'],
'total': 1}
```

```
get_recipe("crunchy-frog", quantity=2)
```

```
{'message': 'Recipe for crunchy-frog',
'ingredients': ['frogs',
'dew',
'spring water',
'cream milk chocolate',
'glucose'],
'total': 2}
```



Modern Python



Type annotations (type hints)



Type annotations (type hints)

```
recipes = {
    "crunchy-frog": {
        "ingredients": [
            "frogs",
            "dew",
            "spring water",
            "cream milk chocolate",
            "glucose",
        ]
    },
    "albatross": {
        "ingredients": [
            "albatross"
        ]
    },
}
default_price = 1
```

```
def get_recipe(name, quantity=1):
    name.
    recip abc albatross
    return abc chocolate
    " abc cream
    " abc crunchy
    " abc def
    abc default_price
    abc dew
```





Type annotations (type hints)

```
def get_recipe(name, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {name}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {name}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```





Type annotations (type hints) - autocompletion

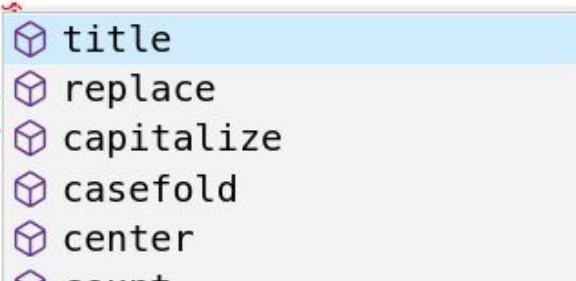
```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity=1):
    name.
    recipreplace
    returncapitalize
        "casefold
        "center
        "count
    }
        bencode
        endswith
```





Type annotations (type hints) - autocompletion

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ")
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingr"],
        "total": default_price * quantity
    }
```



- title
- replace
- capitalize
- casefold
- center
- count





Type annotations (type hints)

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```





Type annotations (type hints)

```
get_recipe("crunchy-frog")
```

```
{'message': 'Recipe for Crunchy Frog',
'ingredients': ['frogs',
'dew',
'spring water',
'cream milk chocolate',
'glucose'],
'total': 1}
```





Type annotations (type hints)

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity=1):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity=None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```





Type annotations (type hints)

```
get_recipe("crunchy-frog")
```

```
-----  
TypeError
```

```
~/code/app/main.py in  
----> 32 get_recipe("crunchy-frog")
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last)
```

```
~/code/app/main.py in get_recipe(name, quantity)  
    21         "message": f"Recipe for {title}",  
    22         "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],  
----> 23         "total": default_price * quantity,  
    24     }
```

```
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for *: 'int' and 'NoneType'
```



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Type annotations (type hints) - error detection

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity=None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```





Type annotations (type hints) - error detection

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recip (variable) default_price: Literal[1]
    title = name. Unsupported operand types for * ("int" and "None") mypy(error)
    return {
        "message": Right operand is of type "Optional[int]" mypy(note)
        "ingredie Peek Problem (Alt+F8) No quick fixes available
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```





Type annotations (type hints) - error detection

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```





Type annotations (type hints) - error detection

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    return {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
        "total": default_price * quantity,
    }
```

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```





Type annotations (type hints) - error detection

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result = {
        "message": f"Recipient: {name.title()}"
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"]
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```

(parameter) quantity: int
Incompatible types in assignment (expression has type "int", target has type "Sequence[str]") mypy(error)

Peek Problem (Alt+F8) No quick fixes available





Type annotations (type hints) - error detection

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```





Type annotations (type hints)

```
(parameter) quantity: int | None
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```





Type annotations (type hints)

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None (parameter) quantity: int
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```





Type annotations (type hints)

```
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: int = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```

```
from typing import Optional

def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: Optional[int] = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```





Type annotations (type hints)

Some of the people behind:

Jukka Lehtosalo



@JukkaL



@JukkaLeh

Ivan Levkivskyi



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Michael J. Sullivan



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Type annotations with

 FastAPI



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Type annotations with FastAPI

```
from typing import Optional
from fastapi import FastAPI

recipes = {
    "crunchy-frog": {
        "ingredients": [
            "frogs",
            "dew",
            "spring water",
            "cream milk chocolate",
            "glucose",
        ]
    },
    "albatross": {
        "ingredients": ["albatross"]
    }
}
default_price = 1
```

```
app = FastAPI()

@app.get("/recipes/{name}")
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: Optional[int] = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    return result
```





Type annotations with FastAPI - autocompletion

```
@app.get("/recipes/{name}")
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: Optional[int] = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ")
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingr"]
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity
    return result
```

- title
- capitalize
- casefold
- center
- count
- encode
- endswith
- expandtabs
- find





Type annotations with FastAPI - error detection

```
@app.get("/recipes/{name}")
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: Optional[int] = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = (parameter) quantity: int | None
    result: Unsupported operand types for * ("None" and "int") mypy(error)
    "mes"
    "ing" Left operand is of type "Optional[int]" mypy(note)
}
    Peek Problem (Alt+F8) No quick fixes available
total = quantity * default_price
if quantity is not None:
    result["total"] = total
return result
```



FastAPI - API documentation

FastAPI 0.1.0 OAS3

/openapi.json

http://127.0.0.1:8000/docs

default

GET /recipes/{name} Get Recipe

Parameters

Cancel

Name	Description
name * required string (path)	crunchy-frog
quantity integer (query)	quantity

Execute Clear

Responses



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FastAPI - API documentation

Responses

Curl

```
curl -X GET "http://127.0.0.1:8000/recipes/crunchy-frog" -H "accept: application/json"
```

Request URL

```
http://127.0.0.1:8000/recipes/crunchy-frog
```

Server response

Code	Details						
200	<p>Response body</p> <pre>{ "message": "Recipe for Crunchy Frog", "ingredients": ["frogs", "dew", "spring water", "cream milk chocolate", "glucose"] }</pre> <p>Response headers</p> <pre>content-length: 115 content-type: application/json date: Sat,21 Nov 2020 12:59:43 GMT server: uvicorn</pre> <p>Responses</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Code</th><th>Description</th><th>Links</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>200</td><td>Successful Response</td><td>No links</td></tr></tbody></table>	Code	Description	Links	200	Successful Response	No links
Code	Description	Links					
200	Successful Response	No links					



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FastAPI - data validation

FastAPI 0.1.0 OAS3

/openapi.json

default ▾

GET /recipes/{name} Get Recipe

Parameters

Cancel

Name	Description
name * required string (path)	crunchy-frog
quantity integer (query)	nine

Execute Clear



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FastAPI - data validation

```
› curl "http://127.0.0.1:8000/recipes/crunchy-frog?quantity=nine"
{"detail": [{"loc": ["query", "quantity"], "msg": "value is not a valid integer", "type": "type_error.integer"}]}%
```

```
{
    "detail": [
        {
            "loc": [
                "query",
                "quantity"
            ],
            "msg": "value is not a valid integer",
            "type": "type_error.integer"
        }
    ]
}
```



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FastAPI - data conversion

FastAPI

0.1.0 OAS3

/openapi.json

default

GET

/recipes/{name} Get Recipe

Cancel

Parameters

Name

Description

name * required

string

(path)

crunchy-frog

quantity

integer

(query)

2

<http://127.0.0.1:8000/recipes/crunchy-frog?quantity=2>

Execute

Clear

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FastAPI - data conversion

Code	Details
200	<p>Response body</p> <pre>{ "message": "Recipe for Crunchy Frog", "ingredients": ["frogs", "dew", "spring water", "cream milk chocolate", "glucose"], "total": 2 }</pre> <p> </p>



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FastAPI is based on standards

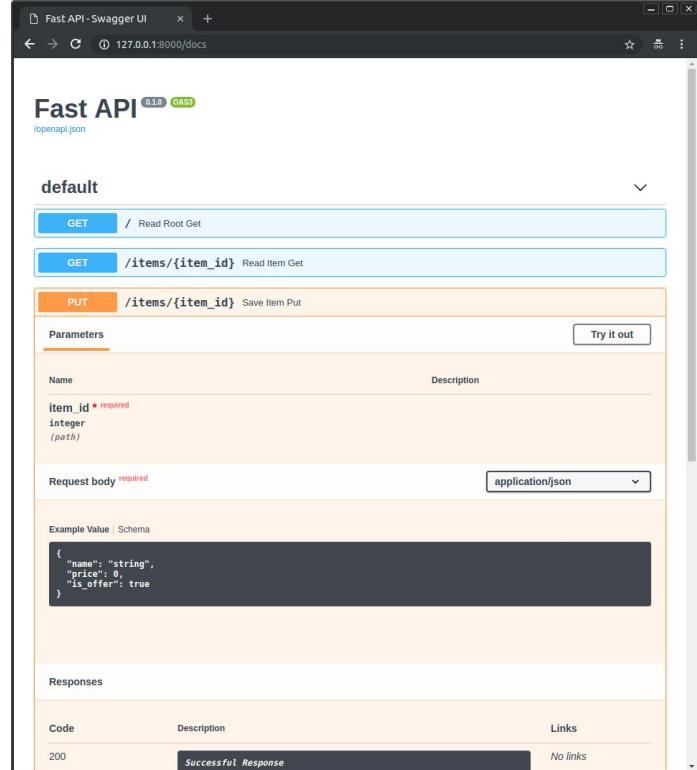
- OpenAPI
- JSON Schema
- OAuth2

 Automatic API docs ✨

- Standard type annotations

 Automatic data conversion ✨

 Automatic data validation ✨



The screenshot shows the Fast API - Swagger UI interface at 127.0.0.1:8000/docs. It displays the OpenAPI specification for a "default" endpoint. Two GET methods are listed: one for reading root items and another for reading a specific item by ID. A PUT method for updating an item is also shown. Below the methods, there's a "Parameters" section for the item ID, which is described as required, an integer, and a path parameter. The "Request body" section indicates it's required and uses application/json format. An "Example Value" section shows a JSON schema for an item, including name, price, and is_offer fields. The "Responses" section shows a successful 200 response with a "Successful Response" message and no links.

Modern Python



Type annotations with



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Type annotations with Typer

```
from typing import Optional
import typer

recipes = {
    "crunchy-frog": {
        "ingredients": [
            "frogs",
            "dew",
            "spring water",
            "cream milk chocolate",
            "glucose",
        ]
    },
    "albatross": {
        "ingredients": ["albatross"],
    }
}
default price = 1
```

```
app = typer.Typer()

@app.command()
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: Optional[int] = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    result: dict = {
        "message": f"Recipe for {title}",
        "ingredients": recipe["ingredients"],
    }
    if quantity is not None:
        result["total"] = quantity * default_price
    typer.echo(result)
```



Typewriter - automatic help

```
› python main.py
Usage: main.py [OPTIONS] NAME
Try 'main.py --help' for help.

Error: Missing argument 'NAME'.
```



Typewriter - CLI Arguments

```
> python main.py crunchy-frog
{'message': 'Recipe for Crunchy Frog', 'ingredients': ['frogs',
  'dew', 'spring water', 'cream milk chocolate', 'glucose']}
```



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Typewriter - CLI Options

```
> python main.py crunchy-frog --quantity 2
{'message': 'Recipe for Crunchy Frog', 'ingredients': ['frogs',
    'dew', 'spring water', 'cream milk chocolate', 'glucose'],
 'total': 2}
```



Type~~r~~ - validation

```
> python main.py crunchy-frog --quantity nine
Usage: main.py [OPTIONS] NAME
Try 'main.py --help' for help.

Error: Invalid value for '--quantity': nine is not a valid integer
```



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TypeR - shell (TAB) completion

```
❯ typeR ./main.py run --q
```

<TAB>

```
❯ typeR ./main.py run --quantity
```



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Modern Python



Type annotations with



and Rich



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Typer with Rich

```
from typing import Optional
from typer import Typer
from rich.table import Table
from rich.console import Console

recipes = {
    "crunchy-frog": {
        "ingredients": [
            "frogs",
            "dew",
            "spring water",
            "cream milk chocolate",
            "glucose",
        ]
    },
    "albatross": {
        "ingredients": ["albatross"]},
}
default_price = 1
```

```
app = Typer()
console = Console()

@app.command()
def get_recipe(name: str, quantity: Optional[int] = None):
    recipe = recipes[name]
    title = name.replace("-", " ").title()
    table = Table("Ingredients", title=title)
    for ingredient in recipe["ingredients"]:
        table.add_row(ingredient)
    console.print(table)
    if quantity is not None:
        total = quantity * default_price
        console.print(f"Total: {total}", style="bold")
```



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Typewriter with Rich

```
> python main.py crunchy-frog --quantity 2
Crunchy Frog

Ingredients

frogs
dew
spring water
cream milk chocolate
glucose

Total: 2
```



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Typer and friends - the people behind

David Lord

Click maintainer



@davidism



@davidism

Will McGugan

Rich creator



@willmcgugan



@willmcgugan



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Modern Python



Type annotations with



and Pydantic



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FastAPI with Pydantic

```
from typing import List
from fastapi import FastAPI
from pydantic import BaseModel

class Food(BaseModel):
    name: str
    ingredients: List[str] = []

app = FastAPI()

@app.post("/food/")
def prepare_food(food: Food):
    return {
        "message": f"New food added: {food.name}",
        "total_ingredients": len(food.ingredients)
    }
```



FastAPI with Pydantic

```
from typing import List
from fastapi import FastAPI
from pydantic import BaseModel

class Food(BaseModel):
    name: str
    ingredients: List[str] = []

app = FastAPI()

@app.post("/food/")
def prepare_food(food: Food):
    return {
        "message": f"New food added: {food.name}",
        "total_ingredients": len(food.ingredients)
    }
```



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FastAPI with Pydantic - API documentation

FastAPI 0.1.0 OAS3

/openapi.json

default ▾

POST

/food/ Prepare Food

Parameters

Try it out

No parameters

Request body required

application/json ▾

Example Value | Schema

```
{  
    "name": "string",  
    "ingredients": []  
}
```



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FastAPI with Pydantic - interactive API docs

The screenshot shows a screenshot of the FastAPI interactive API documentation for a POST /food/ endpoint. The top bar indicates the method (POST) and the endpoint (/food/). Below this, the title is "Prepare Food". A "Parameters" section shows "No parameters". A "Request body" section is marked as required and has a dropdown set to "application/json". A code block shows a JSON example:

```
{  
    "name": "albatross",  
    "ingredients": ["albatross"]  
}
```

At the bottom are "Execute" and "Clear" buttons.



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FastAPI with Pydantic - interactive API docs

Code	Details
200	<p>Response body</p> <pre>{ "message": "New food added: albatross", "total_ingredients": 1 }</pre> <p>Copy Download</p> <p>Response headers</p> <pre>content-length: 61 content-type: application/json date: Sat,21 Nov 2020 17:29:03 GMT server: uvicorn</pre>



FastAPI with Pydantic - data validation

POST /food/ Prepare Food

Parameters Cancel

No parameters

Request body required application/json ▾

```
{  
    "name": "albatross",  
    "ingredients": [  
        "albatross",  
        {"name": "frogs"}  
    ]  
}
```

Execute Clear



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FastAPI with Pydantic - data validation

Code	Details
422	<p>Error: Unprocessable Entity</p> <p>Response body</p> <pre>{ "detail": [{ "loc": ["body", "ingredients", 1], "msg": "str type expected", "type": "type_error.str" }] }</pre> <p> Download</p>



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FastAPI with Pydantic - nested data

```
from typing import List
from fastapi import FastAPI
from pydantic import BaseModel

app = FastAPI()

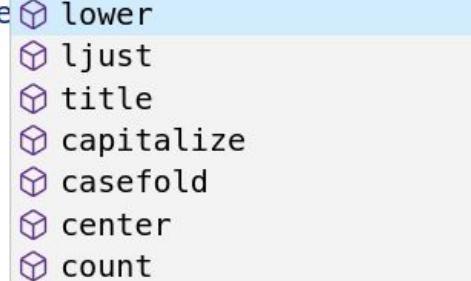
class Food(BaseModel):
    name: str
    ingredients: List[str] = []

@app.post("/food/")
def prepare_food(orders: List[Food]):
    all_ingredients = []
    for food in orders:
        for ingredient in food.ingredients:
            all_ingredients.append(ingredient.lower())
    return {"ingredients": all_ingredients}
```



FastAPI with Pydantic - autocomplete

```
@app.post("/food/")
def prepare_food(orders: List[Food]):
    all_ingredients = []
    for food in orders:
        for ingredient in food.ingredients:
            all_ingredients.append(ingredient.)
```



- lower
- ljust
- title
- capitalize
- casefold
- center
- count



FastAPI with Pydantic - error detection

```
@app.post("/food/")
def prepare_food(orders: List[Food]):
    all_ingredients = []
    for food in orders:
        for ingredient in food.ingredients:
            all_ingredients.append(ingredient.lower())
    return {"ingredients": all_ingredients}
```

Unsupported operand types for + ("str" and "int") mypy(error)

Peek Problem (Alt+F8) No quick fixes available



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FastAPI - the people behind

Samuel Colvin
Pydantic creator



 @samuelcolvin
 @samuel_colvin

Tom Christie
Creator of Starlette (and more)



 @tomchristie
 @_tomchristie

David Montague
Pydantic and FastAPI
notorious contributor



 @dmontagu

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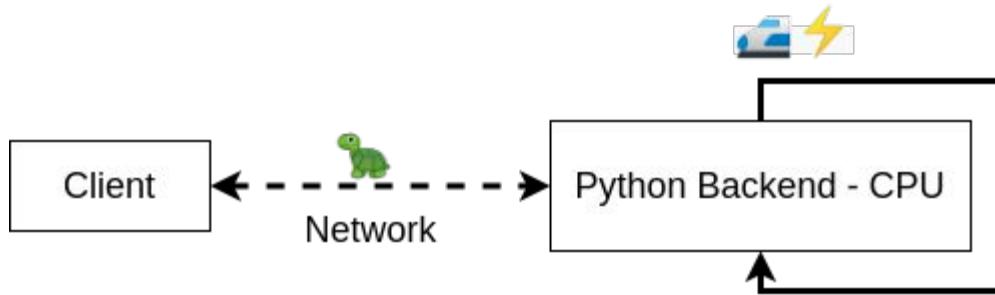


Modern Python

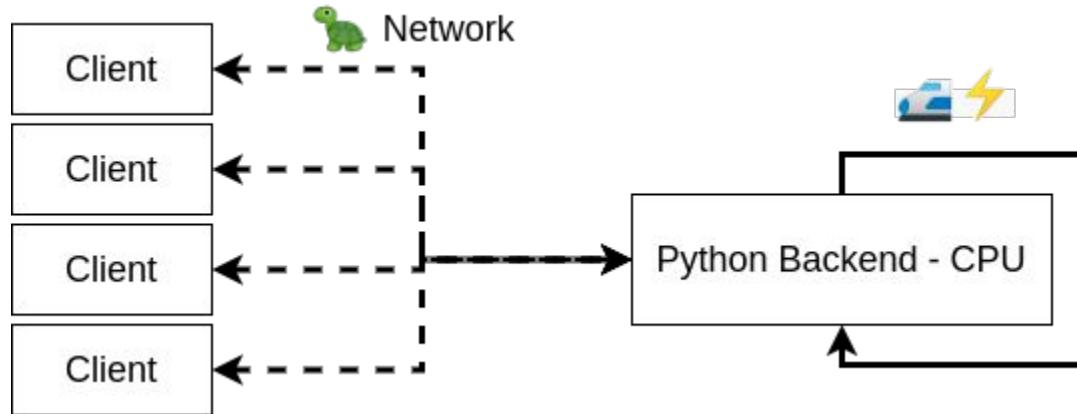
⌚ `async / await`



⌚ async / await - concurrency



⌚ async / await - concurrency





async / await - concurrency

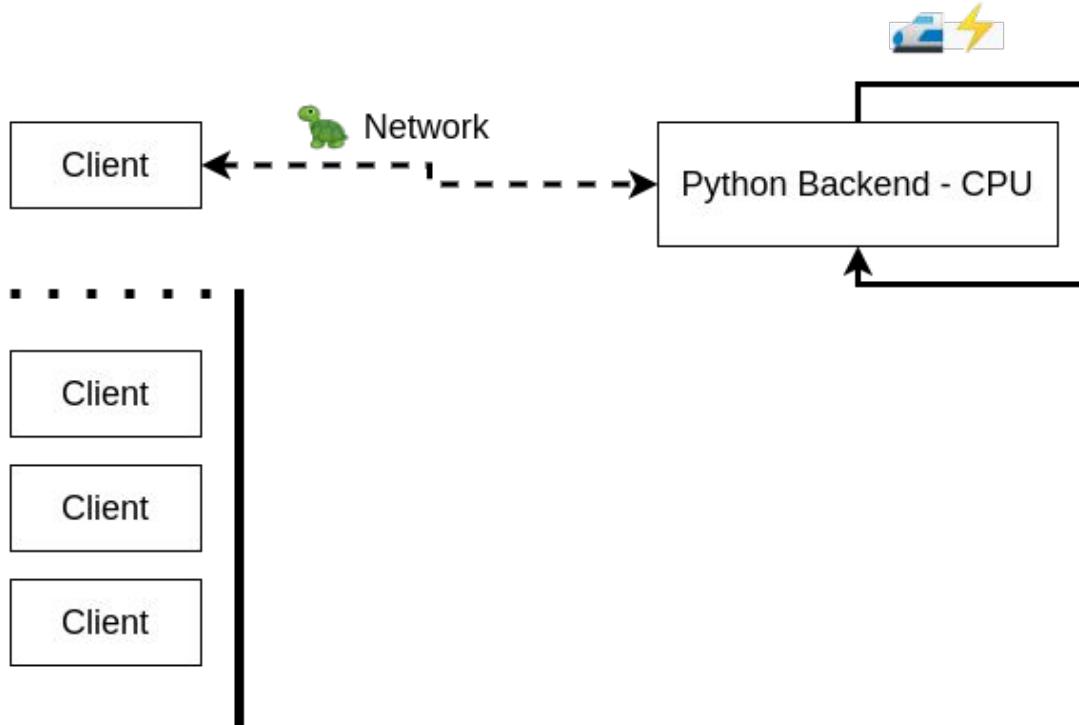


Photo by John Cameron: https://unsplash.com/@john_cameron



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⌚ async / await - concurrency



⌚ async / await - concurrency

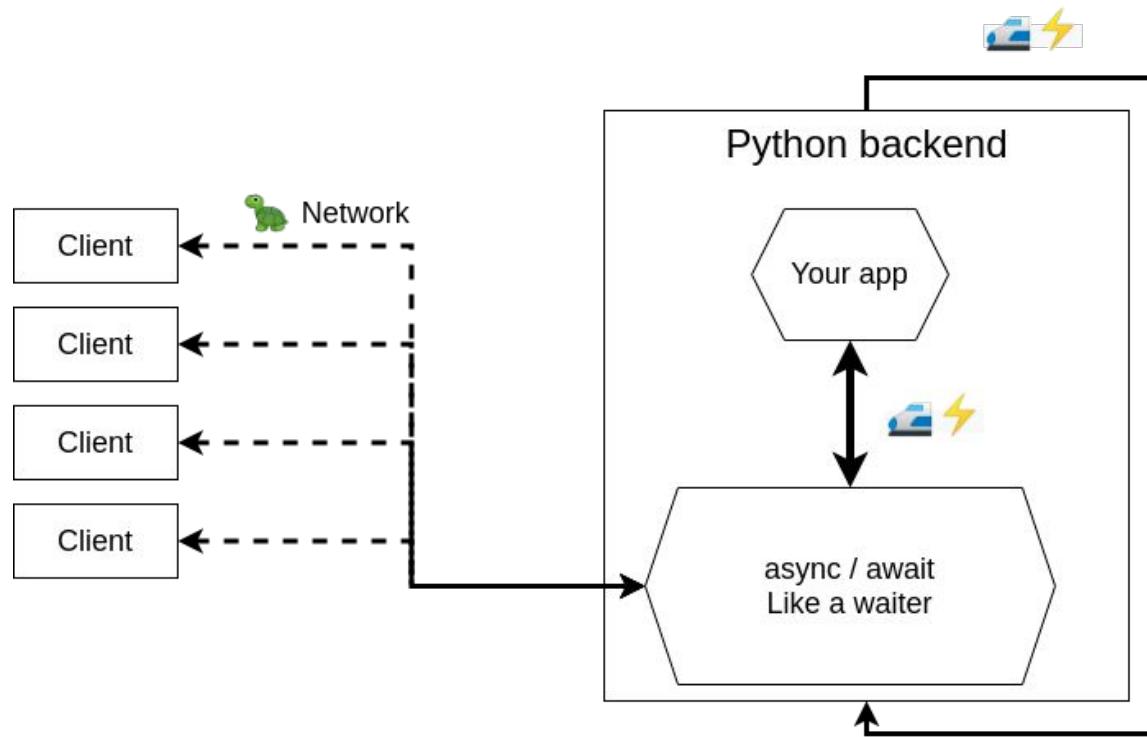


Photo by Kate Townsend: <https://unsplash.com/@k8townsend>



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⌚ async / await - concurrency



⌚ async / await - FastAPI and HTTPX

```
from fastapi import FastAPI
import httpx

app = FastAPI()

@app.get("/recipes/{name}")
async def get_recipe(name: str):
    async with httpx.AsyncClient() as client:
        response = await client.get(f"https://recipes-api.com/recipes/{name}")
    return response.json()
```



⌚ async / await - FastAPI and HTTPX

FastAPI 0.1.0 OAS3

/openapi.json

default ▾

GET /recipes/{name} Get Recipe

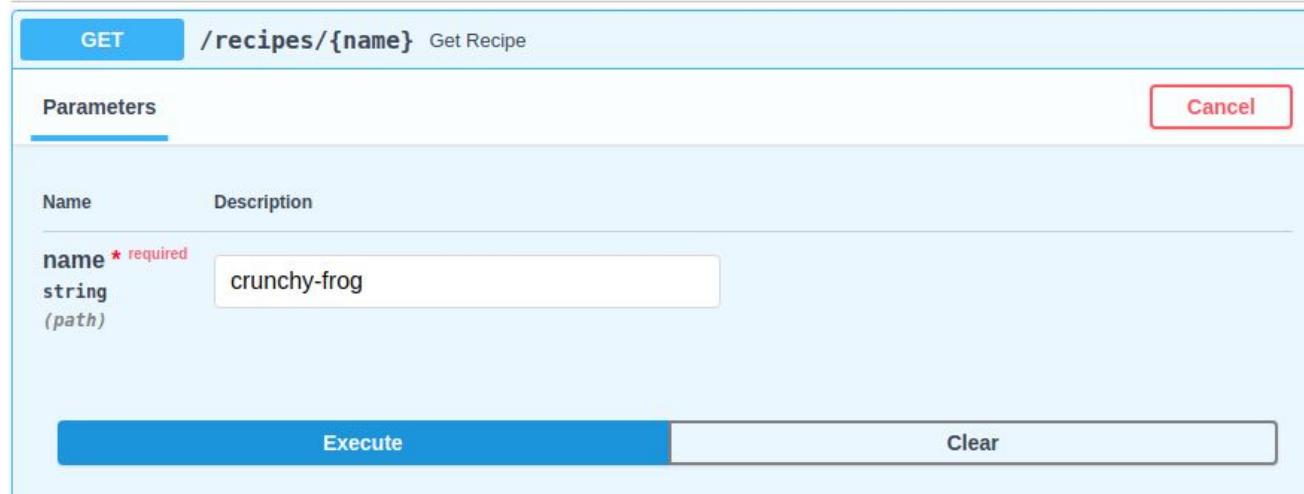
Parameters

Name Description

name * required
string
(path)
crunchy-frog

Cancel

Execute Clear



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⌚ async / await - FastAPI and HTTPX

Responses

Curl

```
curl -X GET "http://127.0.0.1:8001/recipes/crunchy-frog" -H "accept: application/json"
```

Request URL

```
http://127.0.0.1:8001/recipes/crunchy-frog
```

Server response

Code	Details
200	<p>Response body</p> <pre>{ "message": "Recipe for Crunchy Frog", "ingredients": ["frogs", "dew", "spring water", "cream milk chocolate", "glucose"] }</pre> <p>Download</p>
	<p>Response headers</p> <pre>content-length: 115 content-type: application/json date: Sat,21 Nov 2020 19:11:58 GMT server: uvicorn</pre>



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⌚ async / await - optional with **FastAPI** and **HTTPX**

```
from fastapi import FastAPI
import httpx

app = FastAPI()

@app.get("/recipes/{name}")
def get_recipe(name: str):
    response = httpx.get(f"https://recipes-api.com/recipes/{name}")
    return response.json()
```



FastAPI async / await - the people behind

Tom Christie

Creator of Starlette, HTTPX,
and more



@tomchristie



@_tomchristie

Florimond Manca

Co-maintainer of HTTPX,
and others



@florimondmanca



@florimondmanca

Andrew Godwin

Author of the ASGI
specification



@andrewgodwin



@andrewgodwin



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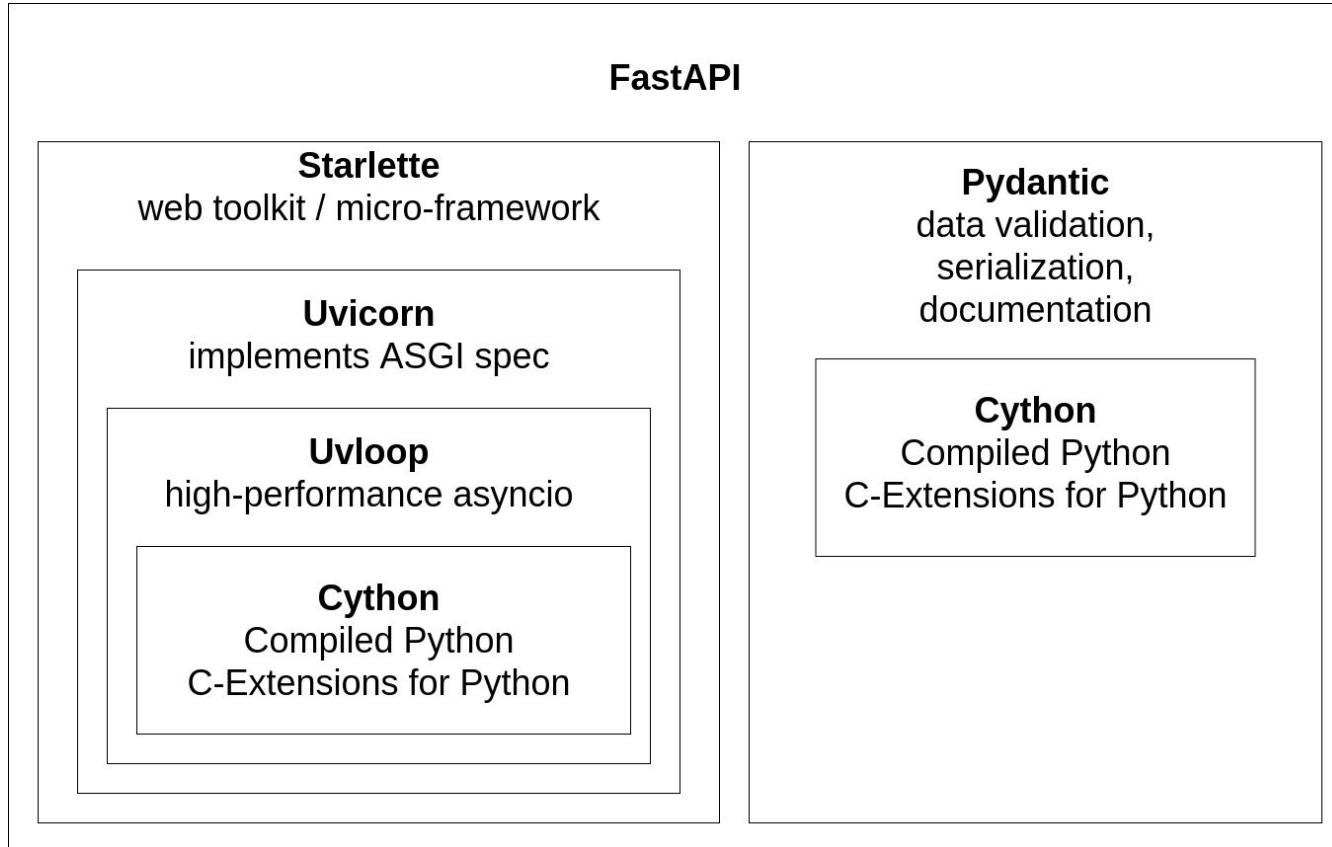
Performance with FastAPI



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Performance with FastAPI





Performance - the people behind

Tom Christie

Creator of Starlette, Uvicorn,
and more



@tomchristie



@_tomchristie

Yury Selivanov

Creator of Uvloop



@1st1



@1st1

Stefan Behnel

Maintainer of Cython



@scoder



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Community

- All by normal people 
- Mostly during free time 
- Trying to help others 





Community - FastAPI China

FastAPI 搜索 tiangolo/fastapi 23.3k Stars · 1.6k Forks

FastAPI

FastAPI

Languages

特性

FastAPI People

Python 类型提示简介

教程 - 用户指南

教程 - 用户指南 - 简介

第一步

路径参数

查询参数

请求体

查询参数和字符串校验

路径参数和数值校验

请求体 - 多个参数

请求体 - 字段

Body - Nested Models

Schema Extra - Example

Extra Data Types

Cookie Parameters

Header Parameters

Response Model

Extra Models

Response Status Code

Form Data

Request Files

Request Forms and Files

Handling Errors

Path Operation Configuration

JSON Compatible Encoder



FastAPI

FastAPI 框架，高性能，易于学习，高效编码，生产可用

[Test](#) [passing](#) [coverage 100%](#) [pypi package v0.61.2](#)

文档: <https://fastapi.tiangolo.com>

源码: <https://github.com/tiangolo/fastapi>

FastAPI 是一个用于构建 API 的现代、快速（高性能）的 web 框架，使用 Python 3.6+ 并基于标准的 Python 类型提示。

关键特性:

- **快速:** 可与 [NodeJS](#) 和 [Go](#) 比肩的极高性能（归功于 Starlette 和 Pydantic）。[最快的 Python web 框架之一](#)。
- **高效编码:** 提高功能开发速度约 200% 至 300%。*
- **更少 bug:** 减少约 40% 的人为（开发者）导致错误。*
- **智能:** 极佳的编辑器支持。处处皆可自动补全，减少调试时间。
- **简单:** 设计的易于使用和学习，阅读文档的时间更短。
- **简短:** 使代码重复最小化。通过不同的参数声明实现丰富功能。bug 更少。
- **健壮:** 生产可用级别的代码。还有自动生成的交互式文档。
- **标准化:** 基于（并完全兼容）API 的相关开放标准：[OpenAPI](#) (以前被称为 Swagger) 和

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Community - FastAPI China

<https://fastapi.tiangolo.com/fastapi-people/>

China - FastAPI Experts, Translation contributors, Translation reviewers:



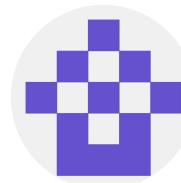
Henry Pan



Dustyposa



Xie Wei



Laineyzhang55



yanever



Ikkyu



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- Answer questions from others
- Help with bugs and features
- Help with other projects

<https://fastapi.tiangolo.com/help-fastapi/>

<https://fastapi.tiangolo.com/contributing/#translations>



Thank you!



fastapi.tiangolo.com

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tiangolo.com



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